I.4 Study Description Form

Study Description Form: Japan (JGSS-2017G)

Study Title Japanese General Social Surveys 2017 Globalization

Fieldwork Dates From Nov., 2017 to Dec., 2017

Principal Investigators Noriko IWAI, Kuniaki SHISHIDO, Takayuki SASAKI, and Hachiro IWAI

Fieldwork Institution Central Research Services, Inc.

Population Men and women 20-89 years of age living in Japan

Sampling method Two-stage stratified random sampling; stratified by regional block and population size

Fieldwork Methods Placement (self-administered) method

Way the module was fielded (Check $\sqrt{}$)

-- as an independent survey $\ \square$

-- as part of a larger survey

If the module was fielded as part of a larger survey, the survey name that the EASS module was fielded with

JGSS-2017G

Initial Sample Size 1,500
N. of respondents 860

Response Rates

Total Issue	1,500
Total EASS questionnaire received (1.0)	860
Eligible, Non-interview (2.0)	620
Refusal and break-offs (2.10)	322
Non-contact (2.20)	231
Other (2.30)	67
Unknown eligibility (3.0)	19
Not Eligible (4.0)	1
Valid Response Rates	64.0% (JGSS's official formula)
	57.3% (N. of R. / Initial Sample Size)

Language Japanese

Weighted Yes

Weighting Procedure Although we did not use weighted sampling, our dataset includes a variable

'WEIGHT'. This variable adjusts the sampling error and the nonresponse bias. The distribution of respondents' sex and 10-year age group in the weighted dataset corresponds to that of the population on October 1, 2017 which was estimated by

the government based on the 2015 Census.

Known systematic properties of the sample

Some nonresponse biases exist in the sample. The sample has fewer rates of males in

their 20s and higher proportion of females in their 50s.

Deviation from EASS questionnaires

This survey used placement method. Therefore the form of questionnaire

is very different from the original questionnaire.

Please refer our questionnaire for details.

Publication Nothing at the present moment.

Remarks on the Survey This survey used placement method. Therefore, the order and forms of questions

differ from those of the original questionnaire. Values of some standard background

variables are constructed from responses to two or more questions.

Study Description Form: Japan (JGSS-2018G)

Study Title Japanese General Social Surveys 2018 Globalization

Fieldwork Dates From Nov., 2018 to Dec., 2018

Principal Investigators Noriko IWAI, Kuniaki SHISHIDO, Takayuki SASAKI, and Hachiro IWAI

Fieldwork Institution Central Research Services, Inc.

Population Men and women 20-89 years of age living in Japan

Sampling method Two-stage stratified random sampling; stratified by regional block and population size

Fieldwork Methods Placement (self-administered) method

Way the module was fielded (Check $\sqrt{}$)

-- as an independent survey \Box

-- as part of a larger survey $\sqrt{}$

If the module was fielded as part of a larger survey, the survey name that the EASS module was fielded with

JGSS-2018G

Initial Sample Size 1,200
N. of respondents 678

Response Rates

Total Issue	1,200
Total EASS questionnaire received (1.0)	678
Eligible, Non-interview (2.0)	502
Refusal and break-offs (2.10)	291
Non-contact (2.20)	168
Other (2.30)	43
Unknown eligibility (3.0)	20
Not Eligible (4.0)	0
Valid Response Rates	62.7% (JGSS's official formula)
	56.5% (N. of R. / Initial Sample Size)

Language Japanese

Weighted Yes

Weighting Procedure Although we did not use weighted sampling, our dataset includes a variable

'WEIGHT'. This variable adjusts the sampling error and the nonresponse bias.

The distribution of respondents' sex and 10-year age group in the weighted dataset corresponds to that of the population on October 1, 2018 which was estimated by

the government based on the 2015 Census.

Known systematic properties of the sample

Some nonresponse biases exist in the sample. While the sample has fewer rates of females in their 30s and 80s, the proportion of female in their 50's are higher compared to general population.

Deviation from EASS questionnaires

This survey used placement method. Therefore the form of questionnaire is very

different from the original questionnaire.

Please refer to our questionnaire for details.

Publication Nothing at the present moment.

Remarks on the Survey This survey used placement method. Therefore, the order and forms of questions

differ from those of the original questionnaire. Values of some standard background

variables are constructed from responses to two or more questions.

National Population Characteristics: Japan

*Please provide the following information about known characteristics of national population from the relevant high-quality data sources, e.g., census or other government surveys. In case when a country doesn't possess relevant statistics, the country is strongly advised to provide whatever statistics that is closest to the national characteristics. Also, the groupings of each item below could possibly be country-specific, except for Gender and Employment Status.

SOURCE OF THE STATISTICS: Population Census of Japan 2010 and 2015, Labor Force Survey 2015, Comprehensive Survey of Living Conditions of the People on Health and Welfare 2017

GENDER

Male	60,495,472	48.7%
Female	63,788,429	51.3%

Source: Population Census of Japan 2015

AGE (Groups)

-14	15,693,007	12.5%
15-19	5,897,335	4.8%
20-29	11,828,438	9.7%

30-39	15,116,840	12.3%
40-49	18,001,118	14.6%
50-59	15,190,052	12.3%
60-69	17,921,224	14.5%
70-79	13,863,588	11.3%
80-	10,772,299	7.9%
Total	124,283,901	100.0%

Source: Population Census of Japan 2015

YEARS OF SCHOOLING (15 years or older)

1-9 (elementary school or Junior high school)	16,756,162	15.2%
10-12 (Senior high school or middle school (old))	41,400,268	37.5%
13-14 (Junior college or higher professional school)	13,187,048	12.0%
13-16 (College, university or graduate course)	17,716,535	16.1%
Persons attending school	7,701,126	7.0%
Persons never attended	128,187	0.1%
DK	13,375,764	12.1%
Total	110,277,485	100.0%

Source: Population Census of Japan 2010

LABOUR FORCE and EMPLOYMENTS STATUS (15 years or older)

Labour f	orce	61,523,327	56.06%
Em	ployed	58,919,036	53.68%
	Regular employees	30,333,371	27.64%
	Temporary employees	1,543,683	1.41%
	Part-time employees	14,728,076	13.42%
	Directors	2,883,844	2.63%
	Self-employed, employing others	1,154,651	1.05%
	Self-employed, not employing others	3,942,215	3.59%
	Family workers	1,947,053	1.77%
	Persons doing home handicraft	99,608	0.09%
	DK	2,286,535	2.08%
Un	employed	2,604,291	2.37%
Not in L	abor Force	41,022,456	37.38%
Labour f	Force status not reported	7,208,394	6.57%
Total*		109,754,177	100.00%

Source: Population Census of Japan 2015

^{*}This total population includes those who do not have Japanese citizenship.

NATIONAL STATISTICS ON DISTRIBUTION OF INDIVIDUAL WORK INCOME (Annual income, Unit = 10,000 yen)

No income	0.6%
Less than 100	16.2%
100-200	17.5%
200-300	16.2%
300-400	14.1%
400-500	10.3%
500-700	11.5%
700-1,000	6.7%
1,000-1,500	2.4%
1,500 or more	1.0%
DK	3.4%
Total	100.0%

Source: Labor Force Survey 2017

NATIONAL STATISTICS ON DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME (Annual income, Unit = 10,000 yen)

Less than 50	1.0%
50~ 100	4.6%
100~ 150	5.9%
150~ 200	6.4%
200~ 250	6.9%
250~ 300	6.5%
300~ 350	7.3%
350~ 400	6.5%
400~ 450	5.6%
450~ 500	5.0%
500~ 600	8.9%
600~ 700	7.4%
700~ 800	6.2%
800~ 900	5.6%
900~1000	3.6%
1000 and Over	12.6 %
Total	100.0%

Source: Comprehensive Survey of Living Conditions 2017, MHLW

Note: The data does not include Kumamoto prefecture.