Study Description Form

Study Description Form: Japan (JGSS-2017G)

Study Title   Japanese General Social Surveys 2017 Globalization

Fieldwork Dates   From Nov., 2017 to Dec., 2017

Principal Investigators   Noriko IWAI, Kuniaki SHISHIDO, Takayuki SASAKI, and Hachiro IWAI

Fieldwork Institution   Central Research Services, Inc.

Population   Men and women 20-89 years of age living in Japan

Sampling method   Two-stage stratified random sampling; stratified by regional block and population size

Fieldwork Methods   Placement (self-administered) method

Way the module was fielded (Check √)

                    -- as an independent survey   □

                    -- as part of a larger survey   √

If the module was fielded as part of a larger survey, the survey name that the EASS module was fielded with

                    JGSS-2017G

Initial Sample Size   1,500

N. of respondents   860

Response Rates

Total Issue	1,500
Total EASS questionnaire received (1.0)	860
Eligible, Non-interview (2.0)	620
Refusal and break-offs (2.10)	322
Non-contact (2.20)	231
Other (2.30)	67
Unknown eligibility (3.0)	19
Not Eligible (4.0)	1
Valid Response Rates	64.0% (JGSS's official formula)
	57.3% (N. of R. / Initial Sample Size)

Language   Japanese

Weighted   Yes

Weighting Procedure   Although we did not use weighted sampling, our dataset includes a variable
                    'WEIGHT'. This variable adjusts the sampling error and the nonresponse bias.
                    The distribution of respondents' sex and 10-year age group in the weighted dataset
                    corresponds to that of the population on October 1, 2017 which was estimated by
                    the government based on the 2015 Census.

Known systematic properties of the sample

                    Some nonresponse biases exist in the sample. The sample has fewer rates of males in
                    their 20s and higher proportion of females in their 50s.

Deviation from EASS questionnaires

This survey used placement method. Therefore the form of questionnaire
is very different from the original questionnaire.
Please refer our questionnaire for details.

Publication   Nothing at the present moment.

Remarks on the Survey   This survey used placement method.   Therefore, the order and forms of questions
differ from those of the original questionnaire. Values of some standard background
variables are constructed from responses to two or more questions.

Study Description Form: Japan (JGSS-2018G)

Study Title   Japanese General Social Surveys 2018 Globalization

Fieldwork Dates   From Nov., 2018 to Dec., 2018

Principal Investigators   Noriko IWAI, Kuniaki SHISHIDO, Takayuki SASAKI, and Hachiro IWAI

Fieldwork Institution   Central Research Services, Inc.

Population   Men and women 20-89 years of age living in Japan

Sampling method   Two-stage stratified random sampling; stratified by regional block and population size

Fieldwork Methods   Placement (self-administered) method

Way the module was fielded (Check √)

-- as an independent survey   □

-- as part of a larger survey   √

If the module was fielded as part of a larger survey, the survey name that the EASS module was fielded with

JGSS-2018G

Initial Sample Size   1,200

N. of respondents   678

Response Rates

Total Issue	1,200
Total EASS questionnaire received (1.0)	678
Eligible, Non-interview (2.0)	502
Refusal and break-offs (2.10)	291
Non-contact (2.20)	168
Other (2.30)	43
Unknown eligibility (3.0)	20
Not Eligible (4.0)	0
Valid Response Rates	62.7% (JGSS's official formula)
	56.5% (N. of R. / Initial Sample Size)

Language	Japanese
Weighted	Yes
Weighting Procedure	Although we did not use weighted sampling, our dataset includes a variable 'WEIGHT'. This variable adjusts the sampling error and the nonresponse bias.
	The distribution of respondents' sex and 10-year age group in the weighted dataset corresponds to that of the population on October 1, 2018 which was estimated by the government based on the 2015 Census.
Known systematic properties of the sample	
	Some nonresponse biases exist in the sample. While the sample has fewer rates of females in their 30s and 80s, the proportion of female in their 50's are higher compared to general population.
Deviation from EASS questionnaires	
	This survey used placement method. Therefore the form of questionnaire is very different from the original questionnaire.
	Please refer to our questionnaire for details.
Publication	Nothing at the present moment.
Remarks on the Survey	This survey used placement method. Therefore, the order and forms of questions differ from those of the original questionnaire. Values of some standard background variables are constructed from responses to two or more questions.

National Population Characteristics: Japan

*Please provide the following information about known characteristics of national population from the relevant high-quality data sources, e.g., census or other government surveys. In case when a country doesn't possess relevant statistics, the country is strongly advised to provide whatever statistics that is closest to the national characteristics. Also, the groupings of each item below could possibly be country-specific, except for Gender and Employment Status.

SOURCE OF THE STATISTICS: Population Census of Japan 2010 and 2015, Labor Force Survey 2015, Comprehensive Survey of Living Conditions of the People on Health and Welfare 2017

GENDER

Male	60,495,472	48.7%
Female	63,788,429	51.3%

Source: Population Census of Japan 2015

AGE (Groups)

-14	15,693,007	12.5%
15-19	5,897,335	4.8%
20-29	11,828,438	9.7%

30-39	15,116,840	12.3%
40-49	18,001,118	14.6%
50-59	15,190,052	12.3%
60-69	17,921,224	14.5%
70-79	13,863,588	11.3%
80-	10,772,299	7.9%
Total	124,283,901	100.0%

Source: Population Census of Japan 2015

YEARS OF SCHOOLING (15 years or older)

1-9 (elementary school or Junior high school)	16,756,162	15.2%
10-12 (Senior high school or middle school (old))	41,400,268	37.5%
13-14 (Junior college or higher professional school)	13,187,048	12.0%
13-16 (College, university or graduate course)	17,716,535	16.1%
Persons attending school	7,701,126	7.0%
Persons never attended	128,187	0.1%
DK	13,375,764	12.1%
Total	110,277,485	100.0%

Source: Population Census of Japan 2010

LABOUR FORCE and EMPLOYMENTS STATUS (15 years or older)

Labour force			61,523,327	56.06%
	Employed		58,919,036	53.68%
		Regular employees	30,333,371	27.64%
		Temporary employees	1,543,683	1.41%
		Part-time employees	14,728,076	13.42%
		Directors	2,883,844	2.63%
		Self-employed, employing others	1,154,651	1.05%
		Self-employed, not employing others	3,942,215	3.59%
		Family workers	1,947,053	1.77%
		Persons doing home handicraft	99,608	0.09%
		DK	2,286,535	2.08%
	Unemployed		2,604,291	2.37%
Not in Labor Force			41,022,456	37.38%
Labour force status not reported			7,208,394	6.57%
Total*			109,754,177	100.00%

Source: Population Census of Japan 2015

*This total population includes those who do not have Japanese citizenship.

NATIONAL STATISTICS ON DISTRIBUTION OF INDIVIDUAL WORK INCOME (Annual income, Unit = 10,000 yen)

No income	0.6%
Less than 100	16.2%
100-200	17.5%
200-300	16.2%
300-400	14.1%
400-500	10.3%
500-700	11.5%
700-1,000	6.7%
1,000-1,500	2.4%
1,500 or more	1.0%
DK	3.4%
Total	100.0%

Source: Labor Force Survey 2017

NATIONAL STATISTICS ON DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME (Annual income, Unit = 10,000 yen)

Less than 50	1.0%
50〜 100	4.6%
100〜 150	5.9%
150〜 200	6.4%
200〜 250	6.9%
250〜 300	6.5%
300〜 350	7.3%
350〜 400	6.5%
400〜 450	5.6%
450〜 500	5.0%
500〜 600	8.9%
600〜 700	7.4%
700〜 800	6.2%
800〜 900	5.6%
900〜1000	3.6%
1000 and Over	12.6 %
Total	100.0%

Source: Comprehensive Survey of Living Conditions 2017, MHLW

Note: The data does not include Kumamoto prefecture.

Study Description Form: South Korea

Study Title	**2018 KGSS (Korean General Social Survey)**
Fieldwork Dates	**2018-06-28 to 2018-10-05**
Principal Investigators	**Jibum Kim (Dept of Sociology, Sungkyunkwan Univ)**
Fieldwork Institution	**Survey Research Center at Sungkyunkwan University, Seoul, Korea**
Population	**Adult citizens aged 18 or over who live in households of Korea**
Sampling method	**Multi-stage area probability sampling**
Fieldwork Methods	**Face-to-face interviews**

Way the module was fielded (Check √)

      -- as an independent survey   ☐

      -- as part of a larger survey   √

If the module was fielded as part of a larger survey, the survey name that the EASS module was fielded with

      Korean General Social Survey 2018

Initial Sample Size	**2,400**
N. of respondents	**1,031**
Response Rates	**43.0%**

Total Issue	**2,400**
Ineligible	**52**
Total eligible	**2,348**
Non-contact	**258**
Refusal	**786**
Other	**273**
Total EASS questionnaire received	**1,031**
Valid Response Rates (%)	**43.0**

Language	**Korean**
Weighted	**Yes**

Weighting Procedure   **Post-stratification weight was constructed using the following 4 variables with specific categories: Gender (Male, Female), Age (18-29, 30-39, 40-49, 50-59, 60 and over), Region (Seoul, Kyunggi, Kangwon/Jeju, Chungchong, Kyungsang, Cholla), and Urbanicity (Urban, Rural). The distribution of respondents′ gender, age, region, and urbanicity in the weighted dataset corresponds to that of the total population on the 2015 Census. The name of weight variable in the dataset is FINALWT.**

Known systematic properties of the sample

Deviation from EASS questionnaires   **None**

Publication   **Kim, Jibum, Jeong-han Kang, Seok-ho Kim, Changhwan Kim, Wonho Park, Yun-Suk Lee, Seongsoo Choi, Seulgi Choi, and Sori Kim. (2019). Korean General Social Survey 2003-2018. Seoul, Korea: Sungkyunkwan University.**

Remarks on the Survey

-

National Population Characteristics: South Korea

SOURCE OF THE STATISTICS: *Population Census 2015*

GENDER

Source: *Population Census 2015*

Category		Percentage
Male	25,608,502	50.1%
Female	25,460,873	49.9%
Total	51,069,375	100%

AGE (Groups)

Source: *Population Census 2015*

Category		Percentage
0-14	6,954,313	13.6%
15-19	3,194,079	6.3%
20-29	6,796,396	13.3%
30-39	7,738,472	15.2%
40-49	8,726,984	17.1%
50-59	8,220,296	16.1%
60-69	4,965,480	9.7%
70-79	3,133,410	6.1%
80-	1,339,945	2.6%
Total	51,069,375	100%

YEARS OF SCHOOLING (15 years or older)

Source: *Population Census 2015*

Category		Percentage
No schooling	1,641,250	3.5%
1~6 (elementary school)	6,384,848	13.6%
7~9 (middle school)	4,926,726	10.5%
10~12 (High school)	14,436,616	30.8%
13~16 (University)	17,528,266	37.3%
17~21 (Graduate school)	2,026,031	4.3%
Total	46,943,737	100%

EMPLOYMENTS STATUS (15 years or older)

Source: *Economically Active Population Survey,* Korean Statistical Information Service, 2020

Category	Percentage
Employed (wage worker)	45.4%
Self-employed without employees	9.3%
Self-employed with employees	3.1%
Working for own family's business	2.3%
Unemployed	2.5%
Not in labor force	37.5%
Total	100%

NATIONAL STATISTICS ON DISTRIBUTION OF INDIVIDUAL WORK INCOME

Source: *Survey on Labor Conditions by Employment Type 2019*

(Monthly income, Unit = 1,000 Won)

Category	Percentage
Less than 850	8.7%
850 ～ 1,500	9.5%
1,500 ～ 2,500	36.5%
2,500 ～ 3,500	21.3%
3,500 ～ 4,500	11.1%
4,500 ～ 5,500	5.7%
5,500 ～ 6,500	3.2%
6,500 ～ 8,000	2.3%
8,000 ～ 10,000	1.0%
More than 10,000	0.7%
Total	100%

NATIONAL STATISTICS ON DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME

Source: *Household Income and Expenditure Survey 2019*

(Monthly income, Unit = 1,000 Won)

Category	Percentage
Less than 1,000	10.1%
1,000 ～ 2,000	14.6%
2,000 ～ 3,000	15.6%
3,000 ～ 4,000	14.8%
4,000 ～ 5,000	12.1%
5,000 ～ 6,000	10.7%
6,000 ～ 7,000	6.9%
More than 7,000	15.2%
Total	100%

Study Description Form: Taiwan

Study Title	'Taiwan Social Change Survey: 2018, Questionnaire I'
Fieldwork Dates	'2018-07-29~2019-02-28'
Principal Investigators	'Yang-chih Fu, Institute of Sociology, Academia Sinica'
Fieldwork Institution	'Institute of Sociology, Academia Sinica'
Population	'Population registers'
Sampling method	'Three-stage Stratified PPS Sampling, (1) PSU=township, (2) village (administrative unit under township, (3) individual person'
Fieldwork Methods	'Face-to-face interview (CAPI)'

Way the module was fielded (Check √)

      -- as an independent survey □

      -- as part of a larger survey ☑

If the module was fielded as part of a larger survey, the survey name that the EASS module was fielded with   Taiwan Social Change Survey: 2018, Questionnaire II Culture and Globalization in East Asia

Initial Sample Size	'4093'
N. of respondents	'1961

Response Rates

Total Issue	**4093**
Total EASS questionnaire received (1.0)	**1961**
Eligible, Non-interview (2.0)	**1937**
Refusal and break-offs (2.10)	909
Non-contact (2.20)	970
Other (2.30)	58
Unknown eligibility (3.0)	**17**
Not Eligible (4.0)	**178**
Valid Response Rates	**47.91**(N. of R. / Initial Sample Size)

Language	'Mandarin Chinese, Fukien dialect, or Hakka dialect' (language of the field instrument)
Weighted	'Yes'
Weighting Procedure	'Data were weighted using an iterative, proportional raking scheme. Each observation was weighted by gender, age, urbanization, and education level. Weights were then generated to match the population characteristics of Taiwan.'

Known systematic properties of the sample   'description of biases or other deviations of the sample'

A non-response bias comes from the use of household registration data in which some household members in fact do not live in the household

Deviation from EASS questionnaires

'ex. questions omitted, added, or asked in a format different from

what the original questionnaires have prescribed'

The TSCS did not include the following variables: n2 v51 v58 v64 v71 v78 v84 v105 v106 v107 tw_rincx

Publication   'list of publications using the present data set'

Report for Taiwan Social Change Survey (2018), Institute of Sociology, Academia Sinica.

Remarks on the Survey   'other county-specific aspects of the survey that need to be known'

Values of some standard background variables are constructed from responses to two or more questions.

National Population Characteristics: Taiwan

* Please provide the following information about known characteristics of national population from the relevant high-quality data sources, e. g., census or other government surveys.   In case when a country doesn't possess relevant statistics, the country is strongly advised to provide whatever statistics that is closest to the national characteristics.   Also, the groupings of each item below could possibly be country-specific, except for Gender and Employment Status.

GENDER

Male	11,719,270	49.66%
Female	11,820,546	50.34%

Source : Dept. of Household Registration Affairs, MOI. (End of Dec., 2018)

AGE (Groups)

Less than 15	3,048,227	13.35%
15-19	1,318,265	6.10%
20-29	3,150,500	13.64%
30-39	3,666,840	16.19%
40-49	3,709,298	15.52%
50-59	3,642,485	15.41%
60-69	2,928,376	11.35%
70-79	1,335,039	5.28%

80 or more	789,902	3.16%
Total	23,588,932	100%

Source : Dept. of Household Registration Affairs, MOI. (End of Dec., 2018)

YEARS OF SCHOOLING (15 years or older)

1-9 (elementary school or Junior high school)	4,688,479	22.83%
10-12 (Senior high school or middle school (old))	6,224,287	30.30%
13-14 (Junior college or higher professional school)	2,293,706	11.17%
13-16 (College, university or graduate course)	7,056,118	34.35%
Persons attending school	46,889	0.23%
Persons never attended	231,226	1.13%
DK		0%
Total		100%

Source: Dept. of Household Registration Affairs, MOI. (End of 2018)

EMPLOYMENTS STATUS (15 years or older)

Employed	11443000	56.84%
Unemployed	453000	2.25%
Not in labor force	8235000	40.91%
Total	20131000	100%

Source no. 1: Manpower survey results, July., 2018, Directorate General of Budget, Accounting and Statistics, Executive Yuan, R.O.C.(Taiwan)

MONTHLY INCOME OF MAJOR JOB FOR GAINFUL EMPLOYED PERSONS

(Monthly income, Unit = NT$)

	%
less than 25,000	13.52%
25,000 ～ 29,999	18.97%
30,000 ～ 34,999	19.26%
35,000 ～ 39,999	12.52%
40,000 ～ 44,999	9.04%
45,000 ～ 49,999	5.97%
50,000 ～ 59,999	9.52%
60,000 ～ 69,999	4.93%

70,000 or more	6.28%
Total	100%

NATIONAL STATISTICS ON DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME(Unit = NT$)

Average Disposable Income per Household by Disposable Income Quintile

Year	Average disposable income per household	Average disposable income per household of each fifth				
		1 lowest 20 percent	**2** Second 20 percent	**3** Third 20 percent	**4** Fourth 20 percent	**5** Highest 20 percent
2018	1,036,304	344,948	637,775	888,498	1,211,270	2,099,030

Study Description Form: China

Study Title	Chinese General Social Survey 2018
Fieldwork Dates	From Jun. 1, 2018 to Dec. 31, 2018
Principal Investigators	Li Lulu
Fieldwork Institution	National Survey Research Center at Renmin University of China
Population	18 and plus Chinese citizens living in China mainland
Sampling method	Four-stage PPS; stratified by comprehensive socio-economic indicator and population size
Fieldwork Methods	Face to face computer aided personal interview

Way the module was fielded (Check √)

　　　　-- as an independent survey　□

　　　　-- as part of a larger survey　√

If the module was fielded as part of a larger survey, the survey name that the EASS module was fielded with

　　　　　　CGSS-2018

Initial Sample Size	6,500
N. of respondents	4,499

Response Rates

Total Issue	6,500
Total EASS questionnaire received (1.0)	4,499
Eligible, Non-interview (2.0)	2,001
Refusal and break-offs (2.10)	1,411
Non-contact (2.20)	519
Other (2.30)	77
Unknown eligibility (3.0)	0
Not Eligible (4.0)	0
Valid Response Rates	69.22%

Language	Chinese
Weighted	yes (dataset includes weight info.)
Weighting Procedure	exact description of the weighting procedure/algorithm

　　　weight variable is post stratified based on 2015 national population 1% survey

Known systematic properties of the sample

　　　　　　description of biases or other deviations of the sample

　　　The sample has fewer rates of males, youths, and employed compared with the population.

Deviation from EASS questionnaires

　　　　　　ex. questions omitted, added, or asked in a format different from what the original

　　　　　　questionnaires have prescribed

if any

Publication　　　　　list of publications using the present data set

if any

Remarks on the Survey   other county-specific aspects of the survey that need to be known
if any

National Population Characteristics: China

*Please provide the following information about known characteristics of national population from the relevant high-quality data sources, e. g., census or other government surveys.   In case when a country doesn't possess relevant statistics, the country is strongly advised to provide whatever statistics that is closest to the national characteristics.   Also, the groupings of each item below could possibly be country-specific, except for Gender and Employment Status.

SOURCE OF THE STATISTICS:

Chinese National Annual Population Survey,

Chinese 2015 Population 1% Sampling Survey

China Yearbook 2019

GENDER

Male	713,510,000	51.13%
Female	681,870,000	48.87%

Source: China Yearbook 2019

AGE (Groups)

14-	235,230,000	16.9%
15-65	993,570,000	71.2%
65+	166,580,000	11.9%

Source: Chinese Yearbook 2019

YEARS OF SCHOOLING (1,000 persons)

No Schooling	77,716	7.11%
elementary school	79,567	7.29%
middle school	150,648	13.80%
High school	328,934	30.13%
University and above	455,002	41.67%
Total	1,091,867	100.0%

Source: Chinese 2010 Population Census

EMPLOYMENTS STATUS (16 years or older)

Employed	69,677,870	67.12%
Temporary unemployed	1,870,119	1.80%
Unemployed	2,118,312	2.04%
Not in labor market	30,150,823	29.04%
Total	103,817,124	100.00%

Source: Chinese 2015 1% Population Sampling Survey

NATIONAL STATISTICS ON DISTRIBUTION OF INDIVIDUAL INCOME PERCENTILE (yuan)

Income Levels	Annual Year Income per capita
Families of the lowest 20%	6440.5
Families of the lower middle 20%	14360.5
Families of the middle 20%	23188.9
Families of the upper middle 20%	36471.4
Families of the top 20%	70639.5

Source: Chinese Yearbook 2019